

6 Quayside. Grain ships loaded here until Tweed Dock opened on the south side of the river in the 1870s. On your right note the entrances to tunnels which connected the quayside with granaries behind The Walls.
At Sallyport turn right and pass through The Walls.

7 Dewars Lane Granary. To the right of the lane is a massive 18th century granary. This now houses a wonderful gallery featuring many exhibitions and events throughout the year and the YHA youth hostel and café.
At the end of Sallyport cross Bridge Street and pass through Shoe Lane, a covered alleyway. You may wish to sample some real ales in our micro pub, The Curfew, before entering Eastern Lane.

8 The Maltings. In the 1980s the old maltings building in front of you was converted into a theatre. Note the windows indicating the levels of the old malting floors. The Maltings Theatre and Cinema now has an extensive programme of live shows, broadcasts and musical events. It also has a lovely stage bar and a great café with one of the best views of Berwick's rooftops.
Continue onto Eastern Lane.

*Option 1:
Turn right up the steep cobbled street to return to the Town Centre.*
*Option 2:
Turn left down Eastern Lane. Pass in front of The Barrels Ale House, another real ale pub, walk across the Old Bridge, turn left along Main Street in Tweedmouth until you reach The Docks.*

9 Tweed Dock. On the south side of the River Tweed the dock was opened in 1876 to cater for the large steamships of the day. A major part of the business of the port today is the shipping of grain, just as it was in the Middle Ages.
Continue along Main Street, bear left onto Dock Road.

10 Short's Flour Mill. The impressive Victorian façade on the right hand side of the road was part of the H O Short & Son Ltd flour mill built in 1876. A building in the adjacent Mill Wharf development is topped with a stylised version of the mill's malt kiln roof.
Cross the road and walk up Mill Strand.



11 Tweedmouth Brewery. In front of you is the oldest group of brewery buildings in NE England. The complex comprises drying sheds, malt kiln and a 19th century building with a wagon entrance in the gable end on Brewery Lane.
Turn left onto Brewery Lane and then right onto Brewery Bank, past The Angel Inn which was the 'brewery tap'.
Berwick now boasts it's own independent brewery, BearClaw, which can be found just off North Greenwich Road in Spittal.
From the Angel Inn, turn right onto Prince Edward Road.

12 Knowe Head. When Prince Edward Road was built in 1923 it cut through the agricultural hamlet of Knowe Head. The site of the old farmstead is on your right.
Continue right down Kiln Hill and turn left up steps into Yard Heads.

13 Yard Heads. This narrow lane provided access to Tweedmouth's fields and fisheries for the workers.
Continue across Union Brae and back into Berwick across the Royal Tweed Bridge. Turn left at the Leaping Salmon pub along Bankhill. Just beyond Lady Jerningham's statue turn left and walk to the parapet wall under Meg's Mount.

14 Meg's Mount. Across the Tweed are the prominent silos of Simpsons Malt, a 5th generation malt company. Malting goes on here throughout the year.
Return to the road and onto Marygate, Berwick Town Centre.

***Berwick's Real Ale Pubs:**

The Barrels Ale House, Bridge Street.
The Curfew, Bridge Street.
The Free Trade, Castlegate.
The Pilot Inn, Low Greens.



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Slow Food
Berwick-upon-Tweed

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BERWICK'S BARLEYCORN HERITAGE FOOD TRAIL AND MAP



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www.berwickfoodandbeerfestival.co.uk

Barley has been an important part of Berwick's economy for thousands of years.

In the Middle Ages, the Tweed valley was known as the 'bread-basket of Scotland'. Most of the grain was shipped in and out of Berwick. This trade continues today. Large quantities of barley from local farms are malted in Tweedmouth and exported for brewing and whisky distilling. In the last few years a number of small artisan breweries have set up business again in Berwick and the surrounding district. So Berwick is a great place once again to get a fine pint of real ale.*

This walking trail has been created to help you explore Berwick's Barleycorn Heritage. Around the town you will see the symbol of a bear and a Wych Elm tree. This is a medieval play on the town's name which comes from the Old English 'bere-wic' meaning 'barley farm'.

The whole route can be walked easily within one and a half hours. This can be reduced to less than one hour by omitting the section that crosses the river into Tweedmouth.

Start your tour from the Berwick Tourist Information Centre or Berwick Visitor Centre both on Walkergate.



Walk down Walkergate towards Town Centre, turn right towards Scotsgate arch and then cross the road and turn left just before the arch. Take the steps on the right up onto the Walls of Berwick. On the top of the Scotsgate look down towards Marygate.

1 Marygate. In front of you is the 18th century Town Hall with its spire and clock. For a thousand years farmers brought their produce here to sell in the Charter Market. Continue along the Walls to Brass Bastion.

2 Brass Bastion. Looking across the golf course from this viewpoint you will see the medieval ridge and furrow of the Magdalene Fields where barley would have been grown during Berwick's period of prosperity in the 13th century. Continue along the Walls to Cow Port, past the Gunpowder Magazine, then down the hill to an iron gate. Just to the left look to the Pier.

3 Pier Road Maltings. Note the building which has a distinctive pyramid-shaped vented roof. Now apartments, this was formerly an old malt kiln. Pass through the gate, turn right into Silver Street. Continue and cross Ravensdowne.

4 Border Brewery. On the left is the site of the old Border Brewery. In 1894 the buildings were described as 'a handsome suite of public and private chambers, well appointed throughout, and close by are sample rooms, beer stores, wine vaults and spirit stores besides extensive maltings'. Vaux Brewery took over the company in 1934 and closed down the brewing side of the operations. The building was used as a bottling plant until shortly after World War II. Walk along Silver Street, then turn left onto Foul Ford.

5 The Old Corn Exchange. Ahead of you was once the centre for grain trading. It opened in 1858. The curved slate roof was originally filled with glass so that dealers could check the grain using natural light. The building was also used for dances and meetings. It is now apartments. Turn right along the side of the Corn Exchange, then left onto Sandgate. Note the building's impressive frontage. At the end of Sandgate go through Shoregate onto The Quayside and turn right.

